



# Y3 Religious Education – What is Easter?



## Key Concept – Faith and Belief

### Essential Knowledge

#### What happened on the first Palm Sunday?

It is the first day of Holy Week and celebrates Jesus' arrival in Jerusalem riding on a donkey. Crowds of people came out of the city to greet him, throwing down palm branches on the road.

#### What happened to Jesus before Good Friday?

Good Friday is the Friday before Easter Sunday. It remembers the execution of Jesus by crucifixion.

#### Why was Jesus crucified?

Easter is the most important festival in the Christian calendar. It celebrates Jesus rising from the dead, three days after he was executed. Easter Sunday marks Jesus' resurrection.

### Aspirational Knowledge

On Maundy Thursday, Christians remember when Jesus ate the Passover meal with his disciples, breaking bread and drinking wine, which is now known as the Last Supper. The Bible teaches that after Jesus rose from the dead, he spent time teaching his disciples. Christians call Jesus being taken up to heaven the ascension.

### Key Vocabulary

<b>lent</b>	the six-week period before easter observed by many Christians
<b>disciple</b>	someone who follows a leader or teacher
<b>Palm Sunday</b>	it is a day to celebrate the day that Jesus entered the city of Jerusalem, and it happens on the Sunday before Easter
<b>resurrection</b>	bringing someone back to life after they have died
<b>crucifixion/ crucified</b>	a way of executing someone by nailing them to the cross and leaving them to die.
<b>sacrifice</b>	to give something that you want to keep especially to get or do something else or to help someone
<b>tomb</b>	a place where a dead person is buried











# Y3 Religious Education – What is Easter?



## Key Concept – Faith and Belief

Key Knowledge	Key Vocabulary		
<p><b>What is Palm Sunday?</b> Easter starts with Palm Sunday. It is the first day of Holy Week and celebrates Jesus' arrival in Jerusalem riding on a donkey.</p>	<b>crucifixion</b>		a way of executing someone by nailing them to the cross and leaving them to die
<p><b>What happened to Jesus before Good Friday?</b> Good Friday is the Friday before Easter Sunday. It remembers the execution of Jesus by crucifixion.</p>	<b>sacrifice</b>		to give something up that you want to keep
<p><b>Why was Jesus crucified?</b> Jesus was crucified on Good Friday and Easter Sunday celebrates when Jesus was resurrected.</p>	<b>resurrected</b>		to be brought back to life after death
	<b>tomb</b>		a place where a dead person is buried



Jesus rode into Jerusalem on a donkey.		Jesus went to pray in the garden.	
Jesus carried his own cross to Golgotha.		Jesus' body was laid in the tomb.	
	Jesus had the Last Supper with his disciples and washed their feet.		Jesus was arrested.
	Jesus died on the cross.		Jesus rose from the dead!





# Y3 Religious Education – What do Muslims Believe?



## Key Concept – Faith and Belief

### Essential Knowledge

#### What is Islam?

Islam is the religion followed by Muslims. Muslims worship God, who they call Allah.

#### What role does Prophet Muhammad play in a Muslim’s life?

Muslims believe Allah sent prophets to teach people how to live properly. The greatest prophet was Muhammad (PBUH).

#### What are five pillars of Islam?

The five Pillars of Islam are the most important practices of the Muslim faith. They consist of:

1. Shahadah - the declaration of faith.
2. Salah - praying 5 times a day.
3. Zakah - giving to charity.
4. Sawm - fasting
5. Hajj - the pilgrimage (journey) to Makkah once in your life.



### Key Vocabulary






<b>Muslim</b>	a follower of Islam
<b>Prophet</b>	a person regarded as an inspired teacher or proclaimer of the will of God
<b>mosque</b>	place of worship where Muslims go to pray
<b>Qur’an</b>	the holy book of Islam
<b>Allah</b>	the Islamic name for God in the Arabic language.
<b>Islam</b>	peace attained through willing obedience to Allah’s divine guidance
<b>Shahada</b>	declaration of faith
<b>Makkah</b>	city where the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was born, and where the Ka’bah is located

### Aspirational Knowledge

Allah sent messages to Muhammad (PBUH). These are collected in the holy book of Islam, called the Qur’an. During his lifetime, Muhammad (PBUH) was a very good person, and he was horrified by the evil he saw in Makkah. He tried to make people live better lives and be kind to each other.



## Key Concept – Faith and Belief

Key Knowledge	Key Vocabulary	
<p><b>What is Islam?</b> A Muslim is a follower of Islam, who tries to live by the teachings of Allah (God). Muslims believe that there is only one God, Allah, who created the humans and the universe for them to live in out of his love</p>	<p><b>Muslim</b></p>	 <p>a follower of Islam</p>
<p><b>Who was Prophet Muhammad?</b> The Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was the greatest prophet.</p>	<p><b>Mosque</b></p>	 <p>a place of worship for Muslims</p>
<p><b>What are five pillars of Islam?</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Shahadah - the declaration of faith.</li> <li>2. Salah - Praying 5 times a day.</li> <li>3. Zakah - Giving to charity.</li> <li>4. Sawm - fasting</li> <li>5. Hajj - the pilgrimage (journey) to Makkah once in your life</li> </ol>	<p><b>Qur'an</b></p>	 <p>the holy book of Islam</p>
	<p><b>Makkah</b></p>	 <p>the place where the Prophet Muhammad was born</p>



# Y3 Religious Education – Who is Jesus?



## Key Concept – Faith and Belief

### Essential Knowledge

#### What was Jesus like and where did he grow up?

Jesus is a very important person to Christians. He was born in Bethlehem over 2000 years ago and grew up in Nazareth. At Christmas Christians celebrate his birth. Mary and Joseph, as his parents, taught him about God and the importance of being kind to others.

#### How did Jesus help people?

At Easter, Christians remember that he died on the cross for Christians sins.

#### What did Jesus teach people?

When he was a boy Jesus went to the Temple to listen to the priests and ask questions. Jesus' miracles displayed the power of God and proved Jesus was His Son.



### Key Vocabulary

**Christ**

means messiah

**Christmas**

a festival to celebrate the birth of Jesus Christ

**Easter**

a Christian festival celebrating the resurrection of Jesus Christ

**disciple**

a follower or a fan of someone

**gospel**

means 'good news'

**Jesus**

Christians believe that he is the son of god and was sent to save humans from sins they had committed

**New Testament**

is the part of the bible that deals with the life and teachings of Jesus

**prophet**

someone who speaks on behalf of a god.

### Aspirational Knowledge

The second part of the Bible is called the **New Testament**. It tells us about the life of Jesus.

Christians believe that the stories in the New Testament are to help guide them to live a good life.






Muslims believe that Jesus was the son of Mary, that he was a mighty prophet of God.



# Y3 Religious Education – Who is Jesus?



## Key Concept – Faith and Belief

<u>Key Knowledge</u>	<u>Key Vocabulary</u>	
<p><b>When and where did Jesus live?</b> Jesus is a very important person to Christians. He was born in Bethlehem over 2000 years ago and grew up in Nazareth. At Christmas Christians celebrate his birth. Mary and Joseph, as his parents, taught him about God and kindness</p>	<b>Jesus</b>	 <p>Christians believe that he is the son of God</p>
<p><b>How did Jesus help people?</b> At Easter Christians remember that he died on the cross for Christians sins.</p>	<b>Christmas</b>	 <p>Christian festival to celebrate the birth of Jesus</p>
<p><b>What did Jesus teach people?</b> When he was a boy Jesus went to the Temple to listen to the priests. Jesus' miracles displayed the power of God and proved Jesus was his Son.</p>	<b>Easter</b>	 <p>a Christian festival celebrating the resurrection of Jesus</p>
	<b>disciple</b>	 <p>a follower or a fan of someone</p>
	<b>prophet</b>	 <p>someone who speaks on behalf of a god</p>



# Y3 Religious Education – Pilgrimages



## Key Concept – Belief Systems

### Essential Knowledge

#### What is a pilgrimage?

A pilgrimage is when people travel to a place of worship that is usually far away. They may have to go to a different city or country. Usually, a pilgrimage is done for spiritual or religious reasons.

#### Where and why do Muslims go on a Pilgrimage?

Muslims go to Makkah and walk to places that they believe are special to show respect to God.

#### Where do Christians choose to go on a pilgrimage?

Christians go to places that they believe have connections with Jesus or special people called Saints.

### Aspirational Knowledge

Muslims go on pilgrimage to Makkah, in Saudi Arabia, for the Hajj pilgrimage, one of the five pillars of Islam, which requires Muslims to visit at least once in their lifetime.

Christians may go to on a pilgrimage such as Lourdes, Walsingham, Jerusalem or Rome.

### Key Vocabulary

<b>pilgrimage</b>	a journey to a holy place
<b>pilgrim</b>	a person who makes a journey to a holy place
<b>Islam</b>	a religion which believes in Allah
<b>Muslim</b>	someone who follows Islam
<b>Christianity</b>	a religion which believes in God
<b>Hajj</b>	a Muslim's special pilgrimage
<b>Makkah</b>	the birthplace of Muhammad
<b>Bethlehem</b>	the birthplace of Jesus









# Y3 Religious Education – Pilgrimages

## Key Concept – Belief Systems



<u>Key Knowledge</u>
<p><b>What is a pilgrimage?</b> A pilgrimage is when people travel to a place of worship that is usually far away.</p>
<p><b>Where and why do Muslims go on a Pilgrimage?</b> Muslims go to Makkah and walk to places that they believe are special to them.</p>
<p><b>Where do Christians choose to go on a pilgrimage?</b> Christians go to places that they believe are special to them.</p>



<u>Key Vocabulary</u>		
<b>pilgrimage</b>		a journey to a holy place
<b>pilgrim</b>		a person who makes a journey to a holy place
<b>Makkah</b>		the birthplace of Muhammad
<b>Bethlehem</b>		the birthplace of Jesus



# Y3 Religious Education – What do Sikhs believe?



## Key Concept – Faith and Belief

### Essential Knowledge

#### What is Sikhi?

Sikhi teaches that all human beings are equal, and Sikhs believe that all are equal and that there is only one God.

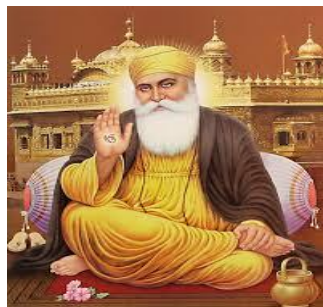
#### Who do Sikhs worship?

Guru Nanak founded the Sikh religion over 500 years ago.

The Sikh Scripture is called 'Guru Granth Sahib'. It is a collection of teachings and writings by Guru Nanak and other Gurus as well as Sikh, Hindu and Muslim saints.

#### What are the core beliefs of Sikhi?

Sikh duties are to pray, work hard and give to others.



### Key Vocabulary

<b>Sikhi</b>	a religion founded in Punjab, India in the 15 <sup>th</sup> century by Guru Nanak
<b>Guru</b>	teacher
<b>Guru Nanak</b>	the founder of Sikhi.
<b>Gurdwara</b>	the name given to a Sikh temple and means 'doorway to the house of God'
<b>Guru Granth Sahib</b>	the holy book of the Sikh faith
<b>Khanda</b>	the Sikh symbol
<b>equality</b>	everyone is treated fairly and has the same opportunities

### Aspirational Knowledge

The last Guru is the Guru Granth Sahib. The 'Guru Granth Sahib' is the living Guru of the Sikhs.

The core beliefs of Sikhs are:

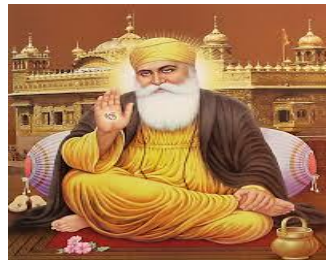

- one god
- all are equal
- meditation
- live honestly
- share with others

<b>Kanga</b> 	<b>Kesh</b> This is the uncut hair which symbolises spiritual power	<b>Kara</b> 	<b>Kirpan</b> A Sikh sword, a symbol of respect and justice	<b>Kachera</b> 
A special comb that represents cleanliness		A steel bangle, symbolising unity, of self and a process of constant learning		A special pair of shorts. These are a symbol of modesty

## Key Concept – Faith and Belief

Key Knowledge
<p><b>What is Sikhi?</b> Sikhi is the Sikh religion. Sikhs believe that all are equal and that there is only one God.</p>
<p><b>Who do Sikhs worship?</b> Guru Nanak started Sikhi over 500 years ago. The Sikh Scripture is called 'Guru Granth Sahib'.</p>
<p><b>What are the main beliefs of Sikhs?</b> Sikh duties are to pray, work hard and give to others.</p>



Key Vocabulary		
<b>Sikhi</b>		a religion founded in India
<b>Guru Nanak</b>		the founder of Sikhism
<b>Gurdwara</b>		the name given to a Sikh temple
<b>equality</b>		everyone is treated the same, is treated fairly and has the same opportunities

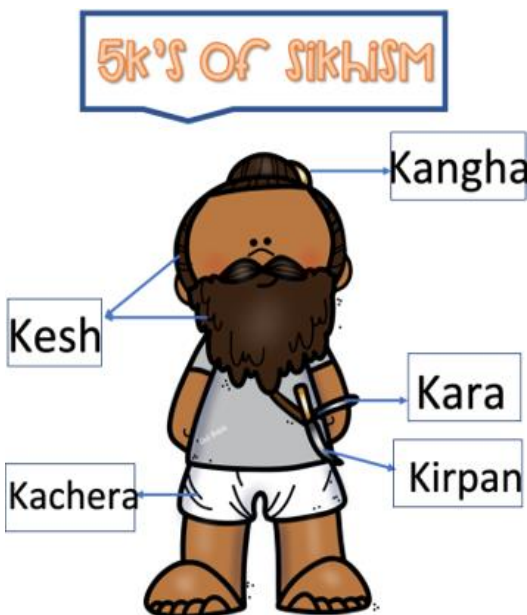


# Y3 Religious Education – Why are clothes important in different religions?



## Key Concept – Celebrations and Rituals

Essential Knowledge
<p><b>When do we wear special clothes?</b> Many cultures and religions wear special clothes for festivals, going to the place of worship or for ceremonies.</p>
<p><b>What are special clothes?</b> In Islam, some Muslim women wear the hijab to show respect to Allah. In the Jewish faith, some men wear the kippah (skull cap) as they believe it is respectful to God to cover your head.</p>
<p><b>Why do we wear special clothes?</b> Religious people sometimes wear special clothes because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• It shows respect for God.</li> <li>• It helps them remember their faith.</li> <li>• It can show they are part of a special group or tradition.</li> </ul>



Key Vocabulary	
<b>Muslim</b>	religious follower of Islam
<b>hijab</b>	a head covering worn in public by some Muslim women
<b>Sikh</b>	Religious follower of Sikhism
<b>5 Ks</b>	Kara, Kesh, Khanga, Kirpan, Kachera
<b>turban</b>	a man's head covering consisting of a long piece of material
<b>sari</b>	a garment consisting of a length of material draped around the body
<b>Jewish</b>	a person whose religion is Judaism
<b>kippah</b>	a small cap worn by Jewish males as a sign of Jewish identity

Aspirational Knowledge
<p><b>In Sikhism the Five Ks are</b> Kara – iron bracelet, Kesh - uncut hair, Khanga – hair comb, kirpan – dagger and the kacheri - shorts. Jews wear a tallith (prayer shawl) while reading the Torah, to remind them of the 613 commandments they are expected to follow.</p>








# Y3 Religious Education – Why are clothes important in different religions?



## Key Concept – Celebrations and Rituals

<u>Key Knowledge</u>
<p><b>When do we wear special clothes?</b> Some people wear special or their best clothes to go to their place or worship, or for a festival.</p>
<p><b>What are special clothes?</b> In Islam, some Muslim women wear the hijab to show respect to Allah. In the Jewish faith, some men wear the kippah, a skull cap.</p>
<p><b>Why do we wear special clothes?</b> Religious people sometimes wear special clothes because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• It shows respect for God.</li> <li>• It helps them remember their faith.</li> <li>• It can show they are part of a special group or tradition.</li> </ul>

<u>Key Vocabulary</u>		
<b>5 Ks</b>		Kara, Kesh, Khanga, Kirpan, Kachera
<b>sari</b>		a garment consisting of a length of material draped around the body
<b>turban</b>		a man's head covering consisting of a long piece of material
<b>hijab</b>		a head covering worn in public by some Muslim women
<b>kippah</b>		a small cap worn by Jewish men and boys.